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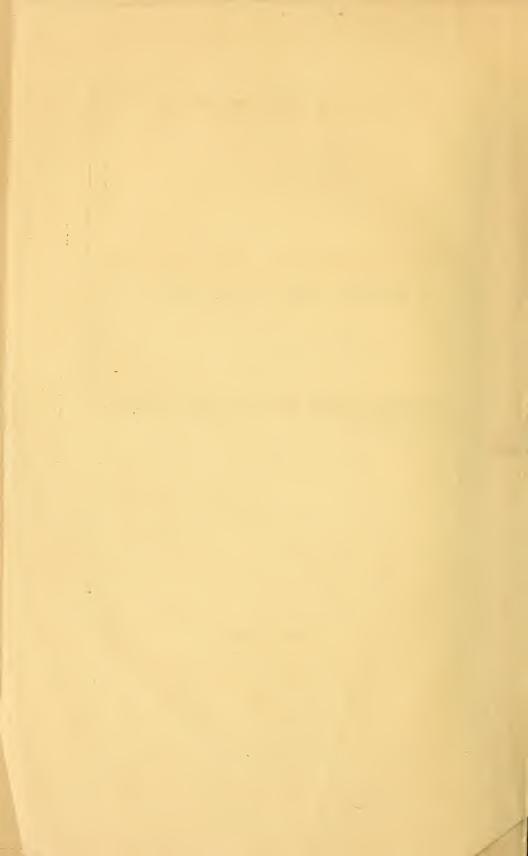
RULES AND STATUTES

OF THE

PROFESSORSHIPS IN THE UNIVERSITY

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CAMBRIDGE.





OF THE

PROFESSORSHIPS IN THE UNIVERSITY

AT

CAMBRIDGE.

Harvard university

CAMBRIDGE:

M E T C A L F $\,$ A N D $\,$ C O M P A N Y , PRINTERS TO THE UNIVERSITY.

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FOUNDATIONS AND STATUTES.

HOLLIS PROFESSOR OF DIVINITY.

Rules, Orders, and Statutes relating to the Professor of Divinity in Harvard College, at Cambridge, in New England.

- 1. That the Professor be a Master of Arts, and in communion with some Christian church of one of the three denominations, Congregational, Presbyterian, or Baptist.
- 2. That his province be to instruct the students in the several parts of Theology by reading a system of Positive, and a course of Controversial Divinity, beginning always with a short prayer.
- 3. That the said Professor read his private lectures of positive and controversial Divinity so many times in the week as shall finish both courses within the term of one year.
- 4. That the Professor read publicly, once a week, upon Divinity, either positive, controversial, or casuistical; and as often upon Church History, Critical Exposition of Scripture, or Jewish Antiquities, as the Corporation, with the approbation of the Overseers, shall judge fit, always times of vacation excepted.
- 5. That the Professor set apart two or three hours one afternoon in the week, to answer such questions of the stu-

dents who shall apply to him as refer to the system, or controversies of religion, or cases of conscience, or the seeming contradictions in Scripture.

- 6. That the Professor of Divinity, while in the office, shall not be a tutor in any other science, or obliged to any other attendance in the College than the above-mentioned public and private Lectures.
- 7. That the Professor read his private lectures to such only as are, at least, of two years' standing in the College.
- 8. That, an honorable salary being provided for the Professor, it is expected that he require no fee from any of the students for their instruction.
- 9. That the said Professor be chosen by the Reverend President and Fellows of the College, or the major part of them, for the time being, and be presented by them, when chosen, to the Honorable and Reverend Overseers, to be by them approved and confirmed in his place.
- 10. That the said Professor be, at all times, under the inspection of the Reverend President and Fellows, and of the Honorable and Reverend Overseers for the time, to be by the said President and Fellows, or the major part of them, displaced for any just and valuable cause, the Honorable and Reverend Overseers also, or the major part of them, consenting thereunto, but not else.
- 11. That the person, chosen from time to time to be a Professor, be a man of solid learning in Divinity, of sound or orthodox principles, one who is well gifted to teach, of a sober and pious life, and of a grave conversation.

The Plan, or Form, for the Professor of Divinity to agree to at his Inauguration.

That he repeat his oaths to the civil government; that he declare it as his belief, that the Scriptures of the Old and New Testament are the only perfect rule of faith and manners; and that he promise to explain and open the Scriptures to his pupils with integrity and faithfulness, according to the

best light that God shall give him. That he promise to promote true piety and godliness by his example and instruction; that he consult the good of the College, and the peace of the churches of our Lord Jesus Christ, on all occasions; and that he religiously observe the statutes of his founder, and all such other statutes and orders, as shall be made by the College, not repugnant thereunto.

Signed and sealed the tenth day of January, in the ninth year of the reign of King George, 1722.

THOMAS HOLLIS. [L. s.]

Witness, Jeremiah Hunt, Edward Wallin, John Hollis, Joshua Winslow, John Osborn, Daniel Neal, William Harris.

December 15th, 1804. It was voted, "That it shall be the duty of the Hollis Professor of Divinity to preach, and to perform other divine services in the Chapel, before the Officers, Graduates, and Undergraduates, on the Lord's Day, forenoon and afternoon, whenever the same shall be hereafter required by the Corporation and Overseers."

HOLLIS PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

Rules and Orders relating to a Professor of Mathematics, and of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, in Harvard College, in Cambridge, in New England, appointed by Mr. Thomas Hollis of London, Merchant.

- 1. That the Professor be a Master of Arts, and well acquainted with the several parts of the Mathematics and of Natural and Experimental Philosophy.
 - 2. That his province be to instruct the students in a system

of Natural, and a course of Experimental Philosophy, in which to be comprehended Pneumatics, Hydrostatics, Mechanics, Statics, Optics, &c.; and in the elements of Geometry, together with the doctrine of Proportions, the principles of Algebra, Conic Sections, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, with the general principles of Mensurations, Planes, and Solids; in the principles of Astronomy and Geography, namely, the doctrine of the Sphere, the use of the Globes, the Motions of the Heavenly Bodies, according to the different hypotheses of Ptolemy, Tycho Brahe, and Copernicus; with the general principles of Dialling, the division of the world into its various kingdoms, with the use of the Maps, &c.

- 3. That the Professor shall read once a week, and, whenever the Corporation with the approbation of the Overseers shall require it, twice a week (times of vacation excepted), publicly, in the hall, to all students that will attend, on such topics relating to the science of the Mathematics, Natural or Experimental Philosophy, as he shall judge most necessary and useful, but always distinct or different from his private lectures.
- 4. That the said Professor shall read his private lectures on the several parts of the Mathematics, Natural and Experimental Philosophy, so many times in the week as to finish each science that he begins within the compass of a year, and to go through the whole in two years. But the course of Philosophical Experiments shall be repeated at least once every year.
- 5. That the said Professor, while in that office, shall not be a tutor in any other science, nor take on him the pastoral office in any church, nor be obliged to any other attendance in the College than the above-mentioned public and private lectures.
- 6. That whereas I have ordered and do appoint a salary of eighty pounds per annum to be duly paid to the said Professor, he shall be obliged to take no fee or reward from any of the students that have been or shall be on my foundation

for the study of Divinity; but for other students of the College that desire his instructions, he may receive a fee as the Corporation shall direct, with the approbation of the Overseers, not exceeding forty shillings per annum.

- 7. That the Professor shall set apart two or three hours in every week to converse with his pupils, and endeavour to clear such difficulties as lie upon their minds relating to the several parts of the Mathematics, Natural and Experimental Philosophy, of which he is Professor.
- 8. That the said Professor shall in all times to come be chosen by the Reverend the President and Fellows of Harvard College for the time being, and shall be presented to the Honourable and Reverend Overseers of the College, to be approved by them, and then shall be jointly recommended by them to me for my confirmation during my life, and after my decease to such person as I shall appoint by my last will under my hand and seal during the term of his life; also,
- 9. That the said Professor shall at all times be under the care and inspection of the Reverend the President and Fellows of Harvard College, with the Honorable and Reverend Overseers of the College, for the time being, but shall not be displaced by them during his capacity for service, except for some just and valuable cause.
- 10. Upon the death or removal of a Professor, the Corporation shall be obliged to fill up the vacancy within twelve months; and in case of default, the nomination and choice shall for that time be in the Overseers, to be confirmed by me during my life, and by my executor after me; and in case they shall not fill up the vacancy in one year more, I then will bequeath and appoint the principal and produce of this estate to return to my executor.
- 11. On the day of inauguration the Professor shall take the oaths to the civil government as appointed by the law, in the presence of the Reverend the President and Fellows of the College, and the Honorable and Reverend Overseers thereof, in the public hall.

- 12. At the same time and place, and in the same presence, he shall declare himself to be of the Protestant Reformed religion, as it is now professed and practised by the churches in New England, commonly distinguished by the name of Congregational, Presbyterian, or Baptist, and that he will comply with the same.
- 13. He shall promise to discharge the trust now reposed in him with diligence and fidelity, and to the advantage of the students; that he will not only endeavour the advancement of true learning, but consult the good of the College in every other respect; that he will promote true piety and godliness by his own example and encouragement, and will religiously observe the statutes of his founder.

And lastly, I order and appoint ten pounds per annum to the Treasurer for the time being, for his care and pains in keeping the accounts and drawing out a balance every audit day of the College, to be sent to me and to my next and immediate successor annually, the Corporation being duly notified who the said successor is. To all which orders and appointments, above written, being designed and solemnly dedicated and devoted by me to the glory of God, by improving the minds of men in useful knowledge, I set my hand and seal this eighteenth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-six.

THOMAS HOLLIS. [L. s.]

Signed, sealed, and delivered in presence of us,

John Hollis, Joshua Hollis,

Richard Solly, John Williams.

HANCOCK PROFESSOR OF HEBREW AND OTHER ORIENTAL LANGUAGES.

Copy of a Legacy left by the late Hon. Thomas Hancock, Esq., of Boston, in his Will, to Harvard College, A. D. 1765.

I give unto the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in Cambridge, the sum of one thousand pounds sterling, and order that the whole income be applied to the support and maintenance of some person, who shall be elected by the President and Fellows, with the approbation and consent of the Overseers, to profess and teach the Oriental Languages, especially the Hebrew, in said College.

The Professor who shall receive the benefit of the donation shall discharge the duties of his profession and office in such manner, and according to such rules and orders, as shall be appointed and established by the President and Fellows, with the consent of the Overseers; and previous to his induction into this office, he shall declare himself to be of the Protestant Reformed religion, as it is now professed and practised by the churches in New England. The said Professor shall also be removed from his office at the discretion of the President and Fellows, and Overseers of said College, for the time being; inasmuch as I fully rely on their wisdom and integrity, that this will never be done without some very good and sufficient reason.

And it is my will, that, as soon as may be after my decease, as also after the decease or removal of any Professor upon this foundation, the President and Fellows proceed to the choice of some person to this office and trust, to be by them presented to the Overseers for their approbation and consent. But if the Overseers shall apprehend any unreasonable delay in this matter, in that case they may proceed by themselves to the appointment of a Professor.

It is also my will, that all the income of this donation, during

the time the Professorship may be necessarily and unavoidably vacant, shall be added to the capital sum, for the better support and encouragement of succeeding Professors.

June 12, 1765.

Statutes, Rules, and Orders relating to the Hancock Professor of Hebrew and other Oriental Languages in Harvard College, in Cambridge.

- 1. The Professor shall be a Master of Arts, and sufficiently acquainted with those languages which he is to teach, especially the Hebrew.
- 2. That his province be to instruct the students in the Oriental languages, especially in the Hebrew and Chaldee, being the language in which the Holy Scriptures of the Old Testament were written.
- 3. That the Professor shall read once a week (times of vacation excepted) publicly in the chapel, on such topics relating to the languages aforesaid as he shall judge most necessary and useful. In which public lectures he shall explain the peculiar genius and idiom of these languages, together with their characteristic differences from one another and from the Occidental languages; and shall intersperse such curious and critical remarks as may occur, tending to illustrate the oracles of God.
- 4. The said Professor shall also have private lectures, at such times as the Corporation with the consent of the Overseers shall appoint, in which he shall lead his pupils into the knowledge of these languages in a more familiar way, and shall endeavour to clear such difficulties as may lie upon their minds relating to them.
- 5. The said Professor shall set apart two or three hours in every week to instruct such of his pupils as shall desire it in a more private way in the other Oriental languages, besides those above specified, namely, the Samaritan, the Syriac, and the Arabic.

- 6. The said Professor, while in that office, shall not take on him the pastoral office in any church, nor follow any other employment that shall interfere with his profession, nor be obliged to any other attendance in the College than the above-mentioned public and private lectures.
- 7. The said Professor shall always be elected by the President and Fellows, with the approbation and consent of the Overseers; and shall at all times be under the care and inspection of the President and Fellows, with the Overseers; and shall also be removed from his office, at the discretion of the President and Fellows and Overseers of said College for the time being; but this shall never be done without some very good and sufficient reason.
- 8. After the decease or removal of any Professor upon this foundation, the President and Fellows shall proceed, as soon as may be, to the choice of some person to this office and trust, to be by them presented to the Overseers for their approbation and consent. But if the Overseers shall apprehend any unreasonable delay in this matter, in that case they may proceed by themselves to the appointment of a Professor.
- 9. On the day of inauguration of said Professor, and previous to his induction into his office, he shall publicly, in the presence of the Reverend the President and Fellows, and of the Honorable and Reverend Overseers (according to the express will of his founder), declare himself to be of the Protestant Reformed religion, as it is now professed and practised in the churches of New England.
- 10. At the same time, and in the same presence, he shall promise to discharge the trust now reposed in him with diligence and fidelity, and to the advantage of the students; and that he will not only endeavour the advancement of their learning, but consult the good of the College in every other respect; and that he will promote true piety and godliness by his own example and encouragement.
- 11. Lastly. The above statutes shall be subject to such alterations and additions, from time to time (consistent with

the will of the founder), as the Corporation, with the consent of the Overseers, shall see cause to make.

At a Meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, September 27, 1785,

Voted, That the following addition be made to article fourth of the original Statutes, Rules, and Orders respecting the Hancock Professor of the Hebrew and other Oriental Languages, namely:—

But as some parents or guardians may not wish their sons or wards to pursue these languages, the attendance of those students who are minors upon these private lectures shall be dispensed with, upon their producing to the President a certificate, from their parents or guardians, desiring a dispensation. Those students who are twenty-one years of age may have such a dispensation, upon their own application to the President. And as there may be many of the students who will have a dispensation from attending the private lectures of said Professor in the Oriental languages, which will lighten his service; and as he receives a considerable part of his support from the College, the money arising from the foundation not being sufficient for the purpose, he shall teach the students the general principles of grammar, and shall instruct them in the knowledge of the English grammar in particular, and in English composition, in such a way, and at such times, as the Corporation, with the consent of the Overseers, shall hereafter direct.

THE MASSACHUSETTS PROFESSORSHIP OF NATURAL HISTORY.

AT a meeting of the Society of Subscribers to a Fund for the establishment of a *Professorship of Natural History*, holden at the hall of the Union Bank, in Boston, on Wednesday, the 27th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, the foundation of the Professorship herein after mentioned, and the following rules and principles, by which it should be regulated and conducted, were agreed upon.

CHAPTER I.

The Foundation of the Professorship.

A Professorship of Natural History shall be founded at Harvard College, in Cambridge; and the Professor shall be styled, "The Massachusetts Professor of Natural History":—Provided, that if any person shall become a munificent patron of the said Professorship, by liberally endowing the same, it shall be in the power of the President and Fellows of Harvard College to name the Professor after such benefactor.

CHAPTER II.

The Election of the Professor.

- 1. The first Professor shall be chosen by the greater part of the subscribers aforesaid, present at a meeting to be called for that purpose.
- 2. The successors of the first Professor shall be elected by the President and Fellows, and the election be approved by the Overseers of Harvard College, in the same manner as other Professors of the College are chosen. And every Professor so to be elected shall be a Master of Arts, of the Christian Protestant religion, and of good moral character.
- 3. When, after the election of the first Professor, there shall be a vacancy in the office, if a successor shall not be appointed in manner aforesaid, and introduced into the office within six calendar months after the Corporation shall have been requested by the Visiters to fill such vacancy, then the Visiters of the said

Professorship shall have power to fill such vacancy by the election of a Professor.

- 4. The Professor, after his election, and before he enter on the execution of the duties of his office, shall make and subscribe, before the President and Fellows of Harvard College, a declaration similar to the declarations required from the Medical Professors. *Provided*, *however*, that the declaration to be subscribed by the Professor of Natural History shall contain nothing repugnant to the rules and principles of this institution herein declared, nor to the laws of the land.
- 5. The Professor shall hold his office so long as he shall discharge the duties thereof, and behave well. And he may be removed from the office by the Visiters of the Professorship, either for misbehaviour, or incapacity to discharge the duties thereof, according to the discretion of the Visiters. But the President and Fellows of Harvard College may suspend the said Professor from all the powers and duties of his office, for neglect of his duties to the College required by this foundation, or inability to discharge the same, or for immoral behaviour, which suspension shall continue in full force, until he be restored or removed by the Visiters.
- 6. When a Professor shall be removed from the office for incapacity, arising after his election, and from no fault of his own, the Visiters may make such provision for his future support as may be consistent with the state and magnitude of the funds of the Professorship.

CHAPTER III.

Of the Duties of the Professor.

1. It shall be the duty of the Professor to form a Botanic Garden on the grounds that shall be provided for that purpose, which shall contain all the plants that may be procured, and may be capable of preservation therein, including all the indigenous plants of the country, foreign plants which have been or

which may be naturalized here, and all other exotic plants whatever useful for the purposes of this institution. And the Professor shall superintend the Botanic Garden, and the preservation and growth of the plants therein, subject to such rules and regulations as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Visiters.

- 2. The Professor shall read lectures on Botany and Entomology to such of the students of Harvard College as may be inclined to attend thereon, at such times, under such regulations, and for such gratuities, as shall be directed by the President and Fellows of the said College, the gratuities to be assessed in the quarter bills of the students so attending, and when received, to be paid over to the Professor. And the Professor, in his lectures, shall exhibit all the plants necessary to the due illustration of the subject. Provided, however, that those students of Harvard College who are sons of any of the subscribers aforesaid shall be entitled to attend on the said lectures gratis, agreeably to the terms of the original subscription.
- 3. The Professor, with the assent of the Visiters, and under such regulations as they may prescribe, may read lectures on Botany and Entomology to such other persons as may request to attend on the same, for such gratuities as the Visiters and Professor may determine; provided that the said regulations be not repugnant to the regulations which may be prescribed by the President and Fellows of Harvard College for the government of the students in their attendance on the Professor. And provided further, that the immediate government of the College may exclude any person from the privilege of attending on the lectures of the Professor whom they shall declare to have insulted the authority of the College, or to have violated the laws of the College made for the government of the students.
- 4. The Professor, either personally or by some assistant by him appointed, and approved by the Visiters and by the President and Fellows of Harvard College, shall attend on all

persons who may desire to view the Botanic Garden, and inspect the plants therein preserved, at such times, under such regulations, and for such perquisites, as the Visiters, from time to time, shall direct. *Provided*, that no perquisite be exacted from any of the subscribers aforesaid, nor from any of the Overseers, or of the Corporation, or of the immediate governors or instructers of Harvard College. *Provided*, also, that no undergraduate of the College be admitted into the garden but at such hours, and for such length of time, as shall be allowed by the government of the said College.

- 5. The Professor shall collect all specimens in Mineralogy for which he may have convenient opportunity; and after arranging them, he shall deposit them in the Cabinet of Mineralogy belonging to the Corporation of Harvard College, for the use of the University of Cambridge.
- 6. The President and Fellows of Harvard College, with the assent of the Visiters of the Professorship, may enjoin upon the Professor the duty of instructing the students of the College in such other branches of Natural History as may be found from experience consistent with his faithful discharge of all the duties already above enjoined on him. And such further instruction shall be given at such times, under such regulations, and for such gratuities, as the said President and Fellows shall prescribe. And such gratuities shall be assessed and paid over in the same manner as the gratuities for attending on the Lectures on Botany and Entomology.

CHAPTER IV.

Of the Funds of the Professorship.

1. ALL the real estate, to be purchased for the foundation of the said Professorship, shall be vested in the President and Fellows of Harvard College, upon the special trust and confidence, that the Professor of Natural History, for the time being, shall have the use and occupation of the same, for his

habitation, and for the Botanic Garden, and for such other uses as may be connected therewith.

- 2. All the personal property which may belong to the said foundation shall be vested in the President and Fellows of Harvard College, but upon such trusts, and for such uses, as shall, from time to time, be directed by the Visiters of the said Professorship.
- 3. Whenever there may be growing, in the Botanic Garden, plants of any description, which may be taken from the Garden without any prejudice to the end and design of the Professorship, such plants may be sold, under such regulations, and for such prices, as the Visiters may direct; and the profits arising from the inspection or sale of the plants shall form a part of the personal funds of the said Professorship.
- 4. The Treasurer of Harvard College shall pay over the rents, issues, and profits of the said estate, real and personal, which he may receive, and also the principal of the said personal estate, to the order of the Visiters of the said Professorship, with whom he shall account, as often as they shall direct. And the Treasurer shall be entitled to such compensation for managing and taking care of the personal property of the said Professorship, intrusted to him, as shall be determined by the President and Fellows of Harvard College.
- 5. The money raised by the subscribers aforesaid shall be paid over to the Treasurer of Harvard College, for the uses and upon the trusts aforesaid; reserving, however, in the hands of the said subscribers, or in the hands of their own Treasurer, so much of the said money as they may think proper for the purchase of real estate for the said Professorship.
- 6. All moneys paid to the Treasurer of Harvard College shall be put at interest in the name of the President and Fellows of the said College, but for the uses and upon the trusts aforesaid, by vesting the same in the public funds of this State, or of the United States of America, or in the stock of some bank legally incorporated, at his discretion, unless he receive directions concerning the same from the Visiters of the Pro-

fessorship, to which directions it shall be his duty in all things to conform.

CHAPTER V.

Of the Visiters of the Professorship.

- 1. The Trustees of the Massachusetts Society for promoting Agriculture, together with the President of Harvard College, the President of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and the President of the Massachusetts Medical Society, or the greater part of them, shall be the Visiters of the said Professorship, with all the powers and duties in the said Visiters above vested, and on them enjoined. *Provided*, that if the Massachusetts Society for promoting Agriculture shall, at any time, have more than twelve Trustees, then the said Trustees shall elect, out of their own body, twelve, who, together with the three Presidents aforesaid, shall be the Visiters of the said Professorship.
- 2. And further, the Visiters shall have full power to cause a dwelling-house for the Professor, and such other buildings to be erected, such utensils and materials to be purchased, and such laborers to be employed, as, in their judgment, may be fit and reasonable, - to cause the real estate to be kept in repair, - to prevent any waste or loss in the personal estate, to see that the Botanic Garden be supplied with the necessary plants, and be duly cultured, - to take care that the duties of the Professor, and of those employed under him, be intelligently and faithfully discharged, - to fix the salary and the emoluments of the Professor, and of any assistant he may have, and generally to make, and cause to be executed, all such rules and regulations as in their judgment will render the said Professorship most useful in promoting the interests of the University of Cambridge, and the arts and agriculture of the State, and for the better qualification of the Professor for discharging the duties of his office; so that such rules and regulations be

not repugnant to the rules and principles herein agreed upon, nor to the charter of Harvard College, nor to the laws of the land.

- 3. The Visiters may make all such appropriation of the funds of the Professorship, including both principal and interest, as, in their judgment, may be necessary for the due execution of the powers with which they are herein vested.
- 4. If, at any time, the funds of the said Professorship should be more than sufficient for all the purposes aforesaid, and there should remain any moneys unappropriated, the Visiters may appropriate so much of the moneys so remaining as they may think proper, for the forming or enlarging a cabinet or cabinets of Natural History, for the use of the University of Cambridge, to be connected with the said Professorship, according to the duties that are or may be enjoined on the Professor; - or the said Visiters may appropriate so much of the moneys so remaining as they may think proper towards the compensation of any other Professor of Harvard College, to whom may be intrusted, by the President and Fellows of the said College, the right of teaching any branch of Natural History not specially provided for in this institution, if such appropriation, in the judgment of the Visiters, shall be more useful in diffusing the knowledge of Natural History.
- 5. The Visiters may constitute one or more committees, selected from themselves, or elsewhere, with authority to execute such of the powers vested in the Visiters as they may judge will be most convenient for the due execution of the great variety of important trusts reposed in them. *Provided*, that the removal of the Professor from his office, or the fixing his salary and perquisites, by any committee, be not valid, until the same be ratified by the Board of Visiters.
- 6. The Trustees of the Massachusetts Society for promoting Agriculture, or the greater part of them, shall call the first meeting of the Visiters, in such manner, and at such time and place, as they shall determine, at which first meeting the greater part of the Visiters then present may agree upon the method

of notifying future meetings, which method they may from time to time alter. And at any meeting of the Visiters duly notified (provided five at least be present) the act of the greater part present shall be deemed the act of the Visiters.

- 7. To prevent any failure of Visiters of the said Professorship, it is agreed, that if the Trustees of the Massachusetts Society for promoting Agriculture, who may be Visiters as aforesaid, or the greater part of them, should, after accepting the trust aforesaid, decline the further execution thereof, either expressly, or by unreasonably neglecting the same, such neglect being declared by the greater part of the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, upon complaint made by the President and Fellows of Harvard College; then the said President and Fellows, together with the President of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and the President of the Massachusetts Medical Society, or the greater part of them, shall be the Visiters of the said Professorship, with all the powers above defined and to the Visiters granted.
- 8. Whereas some alterations and amendments may from experience be found necessary for more effectually promoting the true design of this Institution, it is therefore agreed, that all such alterations and amendments to this foundation which shall hereafter be agreed upon by the President and Fellows of Harvard College and the Visiters aforesaid, for the more successful cultivation of the science of Natural History, and which shall be approved by the Overseers of Harvard College, and the President and Council of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, shall have the same force and effect as if part of the original foundation.

BOYLSTON PROFESSORSHIP OF RHETORIC AND ORATORY.

An Extract from the Will of Nicholas Boylston, Esq.

I GIVE and bequeath unto the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in Cambridge, in the county of Middlesex, the sum of one thousand five hundred pounds, lawful money, and order that the same be put out at interest on good security, and that the whole income and interest thereof be forever applied to the support and maintenance of some well qualified person, who shall be elected by the President and Fellows of said College for the time being, and approved of by the Overseers of said College, to be the Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory, who shall receive the whole benefit or income of this donation if he discharges the duties of his profession and office, according to such rules and directions as shall be appointed and established by said President and Fellows, with the consent of the said Overseers of said College. And I direct that such Professor shall be removed by the President and Fellows, with the consent of the Overseers, in case he shall be guilty of any immoralities, or in their judgment not qualified for such a place. And it is my will, that, as soon as may be after my decease, (or upon the removal of any such Professor upon this foundation,) the said President and Fellows proceed to the choice of some proper person for the office and trust, he to be approved of and confirmed by the said Overseers; and if said Overseers shall apprehend any unreasonable delay by the President and Fellows in this matter, in such case I hereby empower them to proceed by themselves in the choice and appointment of a suitable, well qualified person aforesaid. It is also my will, that all the income of this donation during the time the Professorship may be necessarily vacant, shall be added to the capital sum, for the better support and encouragement of succeeding Professors; and I order my executors to pay the aforesaid

sum of one thousand five hundred pounds to the Treasurer of said College within six months after my decease.

(Paid February 11, 1772.)

Rules, Directions, and Statutes of the Boylston Professorship of Rhetoric and Oratory in Harvard College, April 30th, 1804.

- 1. The Professor, placed on the foundation laid by Nicholas Boylston, late of Boston, Esquire, for the support of a Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory, shall be called the Boylston Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory.
- 2. The said Professor shall be a Master of Arts; a believer in the Christian religion; support the character of a learned, honest, and pious man; and be well qualified for the duties of his office.
- 3. The said Professor, on the day of his inauguration, shall, in the presence of the President, Fellows, and Overseers of the said College, publicly make and subscribe a declaration, that he believes the Scriptures of the Old and New Testament are of divine original, that they contain the only perfect rule of faith and manners, and that Jesus of Nazareth was the true Messiah and Son of God; that he is of the Protestant Reformed religion, as professed by the churches in New England; that with diligence and fidelity he will discharge the duties of his office, agreeably to the will of his founder; that he will also labor to advance the interests of general science and literature; that by his example, as well as otherwise, he will endeavour to encourage and promote true piety, and all the Christian virtues; that he will at all times consult the good of his pupils and of the College in every respect; and that he will religiously observe, not only the will of his founder and these statutes, but such other statutes and laws as are, or may be, made by the College legislature, not repugnant thereunto.

- 4. It shall be the duty of the said Professor to instruct the students of the several classes in the nature, excellence, and acquisition of the important art of Rhetoric in its most extended and comprehensive sense; or in the theory and practice of writing and speaking well; that is, with method, elegance, harmony, dignity, and energy. This instruction shall be given both in public and private lectures.
- 5. In his private lectures he shall not only develope to his pupils, in a familiar manner, the principles and rules of his art; but it shall be his particular care to aid their application of them in practice, in suitable exercises, assigned by him for this purpose. To this end he shall, in term time, give two lectures a week to the class of Freshmen; in one of which he shall instruct them from some rhetorical treatise in Latin or Greek, as Cicero de Oratore, Aristotle's Rhetoric, Longinus on the Sublime, or some other celebrated ancient treatise on oratory, assigned portions of which they shall recite or render to him in English; and in the other he shall, by precept and example, instruct and exercise them in the arts of reading and speaking with propriety. To the Sophomores, also, he shall give two lectures a week; in the first of which he shall instruct them from some well approved rhetorical text-book in English, marked portions of which they shall recite to him memoriter; and in the second he shall intruct them in speaking and composition alternately; that is, once in a fortnight, he shall improve their speaking by remarks on dialogues, speeches, declamations, &c., delivered by them in his presence; and, once in a fortnight, during the first part of the year, he shall inspect and correct their written translations of elegant passages of Latin or Greek, assigned by him for this purpose; and in the latter part of the year, specimens of their own compositions as their progress in letters may permit. To the Juniors he shall give a lecture, once in a fortnight, for the purpose of forming their style, alternately correcting their compositions, and instructing them from the text-book, as before, till that be finished; after which, they shall exhibit compositions of their

own every fortnight. To the Seniors he shall also give one lecture in a fortnight, for the purpose of cultivating a correct and refined taste in style, pointing out the good and bad qualities and peculiar features of the compositions, which are to be required thus frequently for this important end.

6. The said Professor shall also in term time read a course of public lectures, one at least every week, to the resident graduates, and to the two senior classes of undergraduates; in which, after giving a brief account of the rise and progress of Oratory among the ancients, and a biographical sketch of some of their most celebrated orators, he shall explain its nature, objects, and several kinds; show its connection with all the powers of the mind, natural and acquired; and then divide it into its constituent parts, — Invention, Disposition, Elocution, and Pronunciation; in lecturing on which he shall make the most useful subdivisions, and discuss the most important articles commonly observed and discussed by eminent writers on Rhetoric and Oratory.

More particularly under the head of *Invention* he shall treat of internal and external topics, the state of a controversy, the different arguments proper to demonstrative, deliberative, and judicial discourses; of the character and address of a finished orator, and of the use and excitation of the passions.

Under the head of *Disposition* he shall treat of the properties and uses of each of the parts of a regular discourse, — such as Introduction, Narration, Proposition, Confirmation, Confutation, and Conclusion; adding suitable remarks on Digression, Transition, and Amplification.

Under the head of *Elocution* he shall first treat generally and largely of Elegance, Composition, and Dignity, and of their respective requisites; and then particularly of the several species of style, as the Low, Middle, Sublime, &c., and of their distinguishing qualities, with respect both to the thoughts and the words, illustrating the same by proper examples; and likewise of the various style of epistles, dialogues, history, poetry, and orations.

Under the head of *Pronunciation* he shall urge the immense importance of a good delivery, and treat particularly of the management of the voice and of gesture; interspersing due cautions against what is awkward or affected, with directions for the attainment of proper action, and incessantly pressing the superior excellence of a natural manner.

Thus far the best precepts may be drawn from the writings of the ancients; but as Christianity has opened a new field to eloquence wholly unknown to them, and differing in so many important respects from what they had explored, additional precepts, as well as a new application of old ones, are become necessary. Therefore, not only on account of the different but infinitely superior nature and object of sacred eloquence, the Professor will not only accommodate the principles and precepts on ancient rhetoric to this new species of oration, but also prescribe the special additional precepts to be observed in composing sermons, pointing out the qualities in the speaker, in his style, and in his delivery, indispensably requisite to form an accomplished pulpit orator.

He shall also discourse on the various methods of improving in eloquence, as reading, writing, speaking, imitation, &c., together with the means of strengthening the memory; not forgetting to enforce the favorite maxim of the ancient rhetoricians, — "Non posse oratorem esse, nisi virum bonum."

In addition to the preceding subjects, either in distinct lectures, or as opportunity may present during his course, he shall examine and compare the properties of ancient and modern languages, particularly of the English, with reference to composition; he shall also delineate the characteristic features of the most celebrated Greek, Roman, and English historians, orators, poets, and divines, pointing out some of their numerous beauties and excellences in thought and expression; but, above all, let him inspire his pupils with a lively perception and relish of the inimitable simplicity, beauty, and sublimity of the Sacred Writings.

- 7. The said Professor shall preside at the public declamations of the two senior classes; and no declamation, private or public, shall be delivered before him without his previous advice and approbation; and upon each declamation he shall make such remarks, either in public or private, as to him may seem necessary to improve each individual in all the requisites of a good speaker.
- 8. Previously to each public Exhibition, and especially before the annual Commencement, the said Professor shall, in some large room, privately, hear each student pronounce what he has written, once, at least, for the purpose of correcting errors in delivery, and of encouraging and animating his performance.
- 9. The aforesaid Rules, Directions, and Statutes shall be ever subject to such alterations, additions, and amendments as experience shall prove to be expedient, and as the President and Fellows of the College, with the Overseers thereof, shall, upon mature consideration, deem necessary to render this institution most extensively and permanently useful, and thus to accomplish the benevolent and patriotic designs of the generous founder.

At a Meeting of the Corporation, May 21, 1806,

Voted, That the third section of the Rules, Directions, and Statutes of the Boylston Professorship of Rhetoric and Oratory be repealed, and that the following be inserted in its stead, namely:—

3. The said Professor, at the time of his inauguration, shall publicly make and subscribe a declaration that he believes the Christian religion, and has a firm persuasion of its truth; that with diligence and fidelity he will discharge the duties of his office agreeably to the will of the founder; that he will also labor to advance the interests of general science and literature; that by his example, as well as otherwise, he will endeavour to encourage and promote true piety, and all the Christian virtues; that he will at all times consult the good of his pupils and

of the College in every respect; and that he will religiously observe the will of the founder and these statutes, excepting so far as the same may be duly repealed, altered, or suspended; and that he will also faithfully observe such other statutes and laws as are or may be made by the Corporation and Overseers relative to said Professorship, and not repugnant to the will of the founder.

4. It shall be the principal duty of said Professor to instruct the students of the several classes in the nature, excellence, and acquisition of the important art of Rhetoric, in its most extended and comprehensive sense; or in the theory and practice of writing and speaking well; that is, with method, elegance, harmony, dignity, and energy. This instruction shall be given both in public and private lectures, as the Corporation shall direct.

ELIOT PROFESSORSHIP OF GREEK LITERATURE.

Rules and Statutes of the Eliot Professorship of Greek Literature in Harvard College.

CHAPTER I.

The Foundation of the Professorship.

THE sum given for this purpose shall be managed and invested by the President and Fellows, for the time being, and the income be applied by them for the support of a Professor of the Greek language and of Greek literature in the University at Cambridge, who shall be called "the Professor of Greek Literature"; provided, that the Corporation may give another name to the Professor, but not that of the founder, except with his express consent.

CHAPTER II.

Election of the Professor.

1. The first Professor and his successor shall be elected by the President and Fellows, and the election be approved by the Overseers of Harvard College. The Professor shall be a Master of Arts, of the Christian Protestant religion, and shall bear the character of a learned, pious, and honest man.

2. When, after the election of the first Professor, there shall be a vacancy in the office, a successor shall be appointed and introduced into the office within one year after such vacancy

shall happen.

- 3. The Professor, after his election, and before he enters on the execution of the duties of his office, shall make and subscribe a declaration before the President and Fellows, that he believes in the Christian religion, and has a firm persuasion of its truth, and that he is in principle a Protestant; that he will with diligence and fidelity discharge the duties of his office according to these statutes, and such other statutes and laws as are or may be made by the College legislature, not repugnant thereto; that he will labor to advance the interests of general science and literature; that, by his example, as well as otherwise, he will endeavour to encourage and promote true piety, and all the Christian virtues; and that he will at all times consult the good of his pupils, and of the College in every respect.
- 4. The Professor shall hold his office by the same tenure, generally, as the other Professors upon foundations; he shall be subject to removal, for any just and sufficient cause, by the President and Fellows, the Overseers consenting thereto; provided, that, in case of the removal of a Professor on this foundation for incapacity arising after his election, and from no fault of his own, the President and Fellows of said College shall have a right to make such provision for his support, not from the fund or income of the Professorship, but out of the unappropriated funds of the College, as they shall see fit.

CHAPTER III.

The Duties of the Professor.

- 1. It shall be the duty of the Professor to cultivate and promote the knowledge of the Greek Language and of Greek Literature. He shall give public and private lectures, as the Corporation may determine, on the genius, structure, characteristics, and excellences of the Greek language in the purest age of the language, and in the period succeeding, not neglecting the state of it in modern times; on the principal Greek authors, taking notice of the Greek Fathers and ecclesiastical writers; and on the interpretation of the Septuagint Version, and of the Greek New Testament, especially so far as such interpretation may be aided by a knowledge of classical Greek.
- 2. The Professor shall point out the best course of reading and study for those who would become versed in Grecian literature.
- 3. To ascertain and promote the improvement of his pupils, the Professor shall statedly or frequently examine them on the topics treated in his public lectures, proposing questions to be answered orally, or in writing, as he shall see fit.
- 4. The Professor shall give private lectures or exercises to such of the graduates and undergraduates as may come under his care, in which he shall assign portions of Greek authors to be studied by the pupils. In these exercises it will be his duty to explain and illustrate the work under consideration; to observe the sentiments, spirit, style, and general execution; the imagery and rhetorical beauties; that the University may send out alumni who possess a discriminating knowledge of the renowned productions of Grecian authors, and the powers of the Grecian language.
- 5. The number and order of the lectures and exercises to be given by the Professor, and the description of students, graduates, and undergraduates, who shall receive his instruction, shall be the subjects of particular regulation by the Col-

lege law, from time to time, as occasion may invite or require.

6. It shall be in the power of the President and Fellows of the University to annex to the Greek Professorship aforesaid, any duties not included in the preceding outline; provided, that such duties shall only extend to instruction in the Greek language or Greek literature, or in sacred criticism, so far as it is connected with a knowledge of Greek.

DEXTER LECTURER ON BIBLICAL LITERATURE.

Copy of Samuel Dexter's Will, dated Feb. 12, 1799. (Value rec'd, 1811.)

Being myself firmly persuaded that if the Christian religion is but well understood it cannot fail of convincing every sincere inquirer of its divine authority; and recent deistical publications, as well as many of a more distant date, rendering it evident that revelation is rejected because some of the historical, doctrinal, or preceptive parts of the Holy Scriptures, or parts of each, are misapprehended by unbelievers; the reading of whose writings tends to shake the faith of such as are unable to detect their mistakes, the difficulties started seeming to many insurmountable, however superficial they really may be, and may appear to be, to persons well acquainted with the original languages; which difficulties would vanish were the passages objected to critically and judiciously rendered and explained, and it being also apparent that the nature and degree of the inspiration attributed, by the most rational Christians, to the sacred writers, are, with respect to some of them at least, wrongly conceived of by the enemies of revealed religion: -

I do, therefore, give and bequeath to the President and Fellows of the University in Cambridge, in this Commonwealth, for the benefit of said University, and the increase of that most useful branch of learning, the critical knowledge of the Holy Scriptures, the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty and three dollars thirty and three cents and four mills; to be paid in one year and an half after my decease; the same to be put out and kept on interest, on good security, both personal and real; by which I mean that two responsible persons, at least, shall give bonds, jointly and severally; and that there shall be executed a deed of mortgage of lands that may, without difficulty, be rented, free from any incumbrance, as collateral security for payment; which lands shall be of threefold the value of the sum mentioned in the condition of the bond; and my will is that the interest be applied according to the following directions:—

The first year's interest, and that of other years, as expressed in the sequel, I appropriate to the purchasing, from time to time, for the library of said University, translations of the Bible already published, not yet possessed, or that may be published, translations of the Old and New Testament separately, of any portion or portions of one or the other, learned commentaries and explications, profound remarks, and, in general, of any books or manuscripts, of any country or language, and of whatever description, which may be judged useful in promoting a critical knowledge of the Holy Scriptures, and for forming, by degrees, a complete Biblical apparatus, whereby sacred criticism may be further improved and progressively carried on towards perfection.

It is my desire that the President and Fellows of the University elect three gentlemen of the clergy, and two others, not of that order, to join with the Corporation in the management of the interest that may grow out of this fund, according to the directions already given, and those which are yet to be added. And my will is, that three clerical and two lay gentlemen be at all times associated with the Corporation for this purpose; which is to be understood as a matter not interfering with, but entirely distinct from, the Professorship of Divinity in the University; saving that the Professor will be eligible, as a clergy-

man, into the association, or, occasionally, as a lecturer, for the design which will be presently offered to view.

The interest of the second year, and of others, as will soon be mentioned, I devote to the promotion of the knowledge of the sacred writings, principally of the New Testament, in such a way as cannot ordinarily be practised in mixed assemblies of Christians on Lord's days; which yet may tend greatly to the improvement of men of contemplative minds, especially of such students in divinity as may be desirous to become critics in Biblical literature, that they may thereby be rendered more extensively useful in the church of God. It is therefore my desire, that the Corporation, and their elected associates, institute time and place for the delivery, in each of those years, one learned dissertation, or more, as they see fit, for the purpose of critically explaining either the history, doctrines, or precepts of the Gospel; and of each in such order as shall be judged most likely to be profitable, and as suitable lectures for each as can be provided; not omitting elucidations of such parts of the Old Testament as have, by the most judicious expositors, been thought to be prophetic of the advent, or to refer to the character or offices of the Messiah, or to the events consequent upon his divine mission. Peradventure, while the believer is illuminated, the skeptic may be convinced. meaning is, that only some selected part of sacred history, some particular doctrine or precept of the Gospel, or, except one cannot be disjoined from another, some single prophecy of the coming of Christ, some individual prophetic description of his person, or of his religion, or of its effects, should be the subject of any one lecture.

My will is, that two hundred sixty and six dollars and two thirds of a dollar, the annual interest, be applied the first year in which it may be received for the purchasing books, or writings, for the library, and the next year after for defraying the expenses of critical lectures for promoting Scripture knowledge, and so on, in a regular change and reciprocal succession.

Provided, nevertheless, that as the lecturers ought to receive

a compensation, and a large number of their discourses should be published, if the Corporation and the five gentlemen associated with them (I mean both here and elsewhere, a majority of the whole body), should judge it best that the first year's interest, appropriated to the support of lecturing, should be put out on interest, and that there should be no public discourse delivered till two years' compound interest of the capital sum shall have been received, their judgment shall determine this question. But should they thus judge, it is not to be understood to be my desire that the whole of the five hundred forty and nine dollars and one-third of a dollar, then in hand, should, at all events, be expended in that same year. A gradual increase of the capital, when a part of the income can at times be well spared without injuring the design of the testator, would be desirable; and to this end also it will be of importance that no moneys should lie, unnecessarily, in an unproductive state; these things, however, are left entirely to the prudence and wise conduct of the managers.

Provided, moreover, that, if at any time or times when interest shall have been received, or may be receivable, a learned person shall have written or shall be engaged in writing a critical treatise, disquisition, or commentary, of the same useful tendency, in the judgment of the associated managers, too lengthy to be read at any public meeting, - or if, when it shall be thought that circumstances are become sufficiently propitious, and that advantages fully adequate to the undertaking are possessed, any learned man shall be employed about a new translation of the New Testament, or of any part or parts of the same, or such part or parts of the Old Testament as are referred to above, the Corporation, and the gentlemen associated with them, may interrupt the ordinary course of proceeding, and apply a part or the whole of any money received for interest as an aid towards printing and publishing such treatise, disquisition, commentary, or translation, if it should appear to them fit and proper so to do; when, however, a sale

of the copy-right will affect the same design, this use of the money will be needless.

After all that has been said above, the Corporation and their associates will not fail to observe a disposition in the testator to leave very much to their discretion. He was influenced thereto from a persuasion of his own incompetency to determine their proceedings with precision. His great object is to promote a critical knowledge of the Holy Scriptures; but he is not so tenacious of the plan he has exhibited as to be against any deviations from it; provided the important purpose of the bequest be strictly adhered to. The scheme prescribed may be superfluous in some respects, and defective in others.

To the superior wisdom of the worthy and respectable characters who may practise and improve upon it, but, above all, to the blessing of God, he commends a design so imperfectly delineated.

Copy of Note, March 27, 1800.

It has occurred to me since the execution of my last will and testament, that it may be imagined by some that the design of the legacy to the University implies in it an apprehension that the reverend and learned gentlemen, the President and Professor of Theology, the learned and worthy Professor of the Hebrew and Oriental Languages, and the great body of the clergy in this Commonwealth, are remiss in their attention to the object of the legacy. I earnestly disavow the implication. Indeed, while with an enthusiastic ardor I was penning that part of my will, I had no room for the idea. My mind was wholly occupied with a wish that the religion of the Gospel, which the more I studied the more I was confirmed in the belief of its truth, might be better understood; that unbelievers might be proselyted, and doubters confirmed. Upon the occurrence of the thought, however, I was led to revise the article in my will; the result of which revision is, that I am very sensible it might receive amendments. The methods pro-

posed respecting the subjects of the public discourses might be altered for the better. I think I could meliorate it myself; but I shall not attempt it. I have submitted all matters, in a great measure, to the discretion of the managers; and, to remove all cause of censure, I now beg the bequest may be considered as if I had said but little more than that I left such a sum for promoting a critical knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. No one will deny that this is a very important object. Every one will allow, that he that wishes for no more religious knowledge than will barely suffice never improves, as he ought, the small stock he is possessed of, or he would desire more. No proficient in Biblical learning will say that sacred criticism is arrived at perfection. It will be improving till believers "shall know even as they are known." The study of the Gospel, and its precedent and subsequent relations, is "drawing water out of the wells of salvation" which are inexhaustible. Upon the whole, I leave the matter nearly as much at large as if the bequest had been made in two lines as above; not doubting if there are suggestions in my plan that may in some measure be helpful, they will be recurred to. My object will be well known from what I have written; though I may not have been happy enough to lay a wise scheme for carrying it into effect; and this object I earnestly wish may be pursued. The thought that I had done nothing by proposing it, which, eventually, might have some effect in promoting the interest of the divine religion of the Gospel, the declarations of which lie at the foundation of my own hope respecting a future existence, would give me uneasiness in the latest moment of my life.

P. S. The directions respecting the placing and keeping at interest the legacy, and the election of associates with the Corporation, cannot be dispensed with; but must remain absolute, notwithstanding any thing said above. They cannot be discretionary.

It is impossible that the usefulness of explaining idioms, phrases, and figures of speech, which abound in the Scriptures,

and of the usages and customs therein referred to, and of clearing up the difficulties in sacred chronology and geography, should not be adverted to by the managers of the legacy.

I certify that the above written are correct copies of the original bequest in my own handwriting, dated February 12th, 1799, and of the note directed to be communicated to the Corporation, dated March 27th, 1800, with a postscript.

I also certify, that, on the 9th of October, 1802, I wrote and executed a short codicil, adding one thousand one hundred and eleven dollars eleven cents and one mill, and that, on the

day of 1809, I wrote and duly executed a second codicil, in order to add five hundred and fifty-five dollars fifty-five cents and five mills, thereby making an aggregate sum of five thousand dollars, to be applied solely and entirely to the promoting of a critical knowledge of the Holy Scriptures, as expressed in the original bequest, and subject, mutatis mutandis, so far as may be approved by the Corporation and their associates, to the directions given in the same, yet renewing and confirming the discretionary powers in their fullest latitude of construction as therein also expressed.

ROYALL PROFESSORSHIP OF LAW.

The fund appropriated to this Professorship accrues from the bequests of Isaac Royall, Esq., made in his will, dated May 26, 1773, and in the codicil to his will, dated November 30, 1779. He devised and bequeathed to the Corporation of Harvard College certain lands, "to sell the same, and put the money out to interest, the income to be appropriated towards endowing a Professor of Laws, or a Professor of Physic and Anatomy, whichever they shall judge to be most for the benefit of said College."

In the autumn of 1815, it was determined to establish a

Professorship of Law agreeably to the foregoing will, and, in the spring following, the statutes and rules were enacted, and the Professor introduced.

Statutes of the Professorship of Law in Harvard University.

- 1. For the present, and so long as the principal support of the Professor shall be derived from the fund bequeathed by the late Hon. Isaac Royall, Esquire, the Professor shall be entitled, "Royall Professor of Law"; but the Corporation reserve to themselves the right, with the assent of the Overseers, to change the title of said Professor, whenever and as soon as any such additions shall be made to the aforesaid fund, as to render the sum bequeathed by the aforesaid Royall the smaller part of the whole foundation, or for any other good and sufficient reason not repugnant to the will of the said Royall.
- 2. The said Professor of Law shall be elected in the same manner in which other officers of the College are chosen, and shall hold his office during good behaviour; but the Corporation, with the assent of the Overseers, may at any time remove him for any cause which they may deem just and sufficient.
- 3. The said Professor shall enjoy all the privileges and the rank which appertain of right to the other Professors in the College; but he shall not be obliged to reside in the town of Cambridge, nor shall he be called upon to take any part in the immediate government of the College, unless required so to do by the Corporation and Overseers; he shall, however, when requested by the Corporation, give his opinion on any questions of law immediately affecting the College, provided the delivery of such opinion shall not interfere with the said Professor's other duties.
- 4. The said Professor shall enjoy all the authority while delivering his lectures to the students, as to the preservation of order and decorum, and the regulation of the deportment of the students, which other Professors are entitled to exercise; and for any indecorum during his exercises, or insult offered to him,

the students shall be subject to such penalties as are provided in like cases as to the other officers of the College; which penalties it shall be the duty of the immediate government, after due examination, to apply.

- 5. The said Professor shall, before he enters on the duties of his office, subscribe these statutes, as well as the usual declaration prescribed in such cases to other Professors.
- 6. The course of lectures shall be delivered in some of the College public rooms, and shall consist of not less than fifteen; and, until further order, the same shall be attended only by the Senior class among the undergraduates; but the officers of the College, including the Overseers and Corporation, together with all resident graduates, shall have a right to attend the said lectures gratis. It shall also be lawful for the said Professor to admit any other persons, not resident at the College, on such terms and conditions as shall to the said Professor seem proper; provided, that such arrangements be made, as to numbers and seats at the lectures, as may consist with the suitable accommodation of the members of the College who attend.
- 7. It shall be the duty of the said Professor to exhibit, in a course of lectures, the theory of Law, in its most comprehensive sense; the principles and practical operation of the Constitution and government of the United States and of this Commonwealth; a history of the jurisprudence of this State under the Colonial and Provincial, as well as under the present government; an explanation of the principles of the common law of England, the mode of its introduction into this country, and the sources and reasons of its obligation therein; also its various modifications by usage, judicial decision, and statute; and, generally, those topics connected with law as a science which will best lead the minds of the students to such inquiries and researches as will qualify them to become useful and distinguished supporters of our free systems of government, as well as able and honorable advocates of the rights of the citizens. And it shall be in the power of the Corporation, with the assent of the Overseers, to vary, modify, enlarge, or wholly

change the above course, and to prescribe any other duties not inconsistent with the general principles on which such a Professorship is founded.

At a Meeting of the Corporation, August 20, 1829.

The Corporation having reserved the power to alter and modify, with the assent of the Overseers, the Statutes of the Royall Professor of Law in the University, do hereby order and enact as follows:—

- 1. The third article of the said former statutes, so far as it respects the residence of the Professor, is repealed, and he is required to reside in the town of Cambridge.
- 2. The sixth and seventh articles of the said statutes shall be and hereby are repealed.
- 3. The Dane Professor of Law is considered for the present, and until the further order of the government, as the head of this department in the University. It shall be the duty of the Royall Professor, in conjunction with the Dane Professor, to devise and propose, from time to time, to the Corporation, such a course of instruction in the Law School as may best promote the design of that institution, and the interest and honor of the University; and to do all in his power to promote those objects. He shall have the immediate charge and oversight of the students, meeting them frequently, at stated periods, to ascertain their progress, to assist in and stimulate their studies, and to explain and remove such doubts and embarrassments as may occur in the course of their reading.

In addition to the familiar lectures and conversations at his abovementioned meetings with the students, the Royall Professor will, if it should be deemed expedient by the Corporation, prepare and deliver written lectures on such branches of the law as are not included in the department of the Dane Professor; and in all his instructions, whether oral or written, he will not only endeavour to explain the principles of the English common law, but will show its various modifications in this country, by the principles of our constitutions of government,

and by statutes, judicial decisions, and usages; and, generally, he will strive to lead the minds of the students to such inquiries and researches as will qualify them to become useful and distinguished supporters of our free systems of government, as well as able and honest advocates of the rights of the citizens. And it shall be in the power of the Corporation, with the assent of the Overseers, to vary, modify, enlarge, or wholly change the above course, and to prescribe any other duties not inconsistent with the general principles on which the Professorship is founded.

SMITH PROFESSORSHIP OF THE FRENCH AND SPANISH LANGUAGES AND LITERATURE, AND PROFESSORSHIP OF BELLES LETTRES.

Extract from the Will of Abiel Smith, Esq.

"I GIVE to the Harvard University, at Cambridge, the nominal sum of twenty thousand dollars, in the three per cent. funded stock of the United States, as a fund, the interest or income to be appropriated to the maintenance and support of a Teacher or Professor of the French, or French and Spanish languages, at said University, either singly or in company with any other fund which may be given or appropriated to the same purpose."

"And if my estate should be sufficient at the time of my decease, I give to the Harvard University, at Cambridge, the further sum of ten thousand dollars, to be used as a fund for the same purposes as prescribed in my bequest heretofore made in this instrument to said University."

In 1816, the two bequests above mentioned having been received, it was determined that the endowment should be applied in part to pay the expense of private instruction and recitation in the French and Spanish Languages, and in part to the

support of a Professor who should give lectures on the Literature, as well as Languages, of those nations.

The foundation and rules were made, and the Professor chosen, in 1817.

- At a Meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, 30th June, 1817, the following votes were passed:—
- 1. There shall be established at the University a Professor on the foundation made by the late Abiel Smith, Esq.
- 2. The Professor shall be styled Smith Professor of the French and Spanish Languages and Literature.
- 3. The Professor, after his election, and before he enters on the duties of his office, shall make and subscribe a declaration and promise of the tenor required of other Professors on foundations.
- 4. The Smith Professor shall hold his office by the same tenure generally as the other Professors on foundations, and shall be subject to removal by the President and Fellows for any cause by them deemed just and sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.
- 5. The Professor shall give lectures and exercises in one or both the departments committed to him, in such mode, at such times, and to such persons as shall be determined by the College laws from time to time, and shall receive for his services one thousand dollars annually from the income of the late Mr. Smith's bequest.
- 6. The first Smith Professor shall be Professor of Belles Lettres, with authority to give instruction in public and private lectures, in this department, to such members of the College as may attend upon him, on such conditions, and for such fees, as may be determined; but with no regular salary stipulated by the College, except that the College will insert and collect in the quarter-bills the dues to the Professor from his pupils and the attendants on his lectures.
- 7. The Professor holding these two offices shall not be required to be resident, unless a stated salary shall be annexed

to said offices, which, in the opinion of the Corporation, shall make the requisition of such residence reasonable; and, in such case, the Professor shall have no more prerogative in respect to fees for his instruction than the Corporation shall deem expedient.

RUMFORD PROFESSORSHIP AND LECTURER ON THE APPLICATION OF THE SCIENCES TO THE USEFUL ARTS.

Benjamin Count Rumford, by his will, registered at Paris, in 1814, bequeathed to the University as follows:— I give and bequeath to the University of Cambridge, in the State of Massachusetts, in North America, my native country, one thousand dollars per annum forever, for the purpose of founding, under the direction and government of the Corporation, Overseers, and Governors of that University, a new institution and professorship, in order to teach by regular courses of academical and public lectures, accompanied with proper experiments, the utility of the physical and mathematical sciences, for the improvement of the useful arts, and for the extension of the industry, prosperity, happiness, and wellbeing of society." In the same instrument he gave also, for the same object, the reversion of certain other sums.

The money accruing to the University from this bequest, by the care of the gentlemen who acted in behalf of the Corporation, coöperating with the attention and fidelity of the executors, being placed to the credit of the University in the French funds, the Corporation proceeded to establish the Professorship by enacting, with the assent of the Overseers, the following rules and statutes.

Rules and Statutes of the Rumford Professorship.

CHAPTER I.

Election of the Professor and his Tenure of Office.

- 1. The Professor shall be called the Rumford Professor in the University of Cambridge.
- 2. The first Professor and his successors shall be elected by the President and Fellows, and the election be approved by the Overseers of Harvard College. The Professor shall be a Master of Arts, and shall bear the character of a man of science, piety, and good morals.
- 3. The Professor, after his election, and before he enters on the duties of his office, shall make and subscribe a declaration similar to the declarations required of the Medical Professors.
- 4. The Professor, shall hold his office by the same tenure, generally, as the other Professors on foundations, and shall be subject to removal by the President and Fellows, for any cause by them deemed just and sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.

CHAPTER II.

The Duties of the Professor.

1. It shall be the duty of the Professor to execute the will of the founder, his bequest being made for the "purpose of founding, under the direction and management of the Corporation, Overseers, and Government of the University, a new institution and professorship, in order to teach, by regular courses of academical and public lectures, accompanied with proper experiments, the utility of the physical and mathematical sciences, for the improvement of the useful arts, and for the extension of the industry, prosperity, happiness, and well-being of society."

- 2. In pursuance of this general design of the founder, it shall be the duty of the Professor to explain, and, as far as may be, to elucidate by demonstrations and experiments, the manner in which the mathematical and physical sciences are or have been actually applied to the Arts, and to the purposes of life; to describe, with illustrations by the exhibition of experiments and models, valuable improvements, inventions, and discoveries, not generally known or introduced into use; to engage, as opportunity or occasion may suggest, or the Corporation may point out, in particular investigations for making discoveries relating to the theory and practice of the useful arts, and for ascertaining the value of proposed improvements, communicating the results of his inquiries, examinations, and experiments in his lectures, or from the press.
- 3. It shall be the duty of the Professor to point out the sources of information on the various subjects comprised in the general design of the Rumford Professorship, and which subjects may not be particularly displayed and treated in the lectures of the Professor.
- 4. He shall annually, at assigned periods, direct the attention of his hearers and the public to the valuable discoveries and inventions which have been offered to the world in the year preceding, and shall point out the most prominent objects of attention and inquiry in philosophical, agricultural, and economical subjects which may be prevalent.
- 5. In the course of his lectures, he shall take due notice of the labors and services of the Founder in this department of knowledge, and the important results of his researches and experiments. And the Professor shall generally perform such duties relative to the objects of the Professorship as the Corporation, with the consent of the Overseers, shall from time to time prescribe.
- 6. The time, the particular subjects, and the number of the Professor's lectures, the manner of giving them, the persons who shall have a right to attend, with the terms and conditions, shall be under the direction of the Corporation.

ALFORD PROFESSOR OF NATURAL RELIGION, MORAL PHILOSOPHY, AND CIVIL POLITY.

Particular appropriation of the moneys paid out of the estate of the late Hon. John Alford, of Charlestown, Esquire, by the Hon. Edmund Trowbridge, Esquire, and Richard Cary, Esquire, executors of his last will and testament.

Know all men, that whereas we, Edmund Trowbridge, of Cambridge, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, and Richard Cary, of Charlestown, in said county, Esquire, executors of the last will and testament of the Hon. John Alford, late of Charlestown aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, did, at several times, between the fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1765, and the first day of June, A. D. 1782, put into the treasury of Harvard College, in Cambridge, thirteen hundred and sixty-two pounds, eight shillings, and five pence, lawful money, part of the said Alford's estate, to be by their Treasurer let out and kept upon interest, and the growing interest added to the principal yearly, until such a capital should be raised as that the interest thereof would be sufficient to support in said College a Professor of some particular science of public utility, and then to be regularly appropriated to that use; and whereas, by reason of the late war, and the evils that attended it, this is not yet done, and there is no probability of such a capital being so raised during our lives : -

We do, therefore, now appropriate the said thirteen hundred and sixty-two pounds eight shillings and five pence, and the interest thereof in the said treasury, to and for the support of a Professor of Natural Religion, Moral Philosophy, and Civil Polity, in the said College forever, whose principal duty it shall be by lectures and private instruction to demonstrate the existence of a Deity or First Cause, to prove and illustrate his essential attributes, both natural and moral, to evince and explain his providence and government, together with the doc-

trine of a future state of rewards and punishments; also, to deduce and enforce the obligations which man is under to his Maker, and the duties which he owes him, resulting from the perfections of the Deity, and from his own rational nature; together with the most important duties of social life, resulting from the several relations which men mutually bear to each other; and, likewise, the several duties which respect ourselves, founded not only in our own interest, but also in the will of God; interspersing the whole with remarks, showing the coincidence between the doctrines of revelation and the dictates of reason, in these important points; and, lastly, notwithstanding this coincidence, to state the absolute necessity and vast utility of a divine revelation.

He shall also read a distinct course of lectures upon that branch of Moral Philosophy which respects the application of the law of nature to nations and their relative rights and duties; and, also, on the absolute necessity of civil government in some form, and the reciprocal rights and duties of magistrates and of the people, resulting from the social compact; and also on the various forms of government which have existed or may exist in the world, pointing out their respective advantages and disadvantages, and what form of government is best adapted to promote the greatest happiness of mankind.

And to the end that a regular and systematical division of the foregoing subjects, and of all the other branches of science which come under this institution, may be had and preserved, as well as a due proportion of time devoted to each, it is declared, that the said Professor shall be under the control of the President, Fellows, and Overseers of the said College, who may, from time to time, give such directions relative thereto as they shall judge fit and proper, and as shall be consistent with the rules and orders of this institution.

The said Professor shall read his lectures on Natural Religion to all the four classes of undergraduates; those on Moral Philosophy, to the two senior classes; and those on Civil Polity to the senior class only; provided, nevertheless, that

the officers of the College, and resident graduates, as likewise such other gentlemen as the Corporation shall permit, shall have a right to attend all or any of the lectures aforementioned.

Such Professor shall be chosen by the President and Fellows, and approved by the Overseers, of the said College, when there shall, in their judgment, be a sufficient fund for his support, raised either in the manner aforesaid, or for the present with the assistance of the College or otherwise, until he can properly be supported in the manner first proposed. But, notwithstanding such temporary assistance, the said John Alford, Esq., shall be deemed and considered as the founder of this Professorship, and the Professor shall be called the Alford Professor of Natural Religion, Moral Philosophy, and Civil Polity.

And we do hereby institute and appoint, that the said Professor shall, from time to time, as occasion may require, be elected by the President and Fellows, and approved by the Overseers, of the said College; that he shall be a Master of Arts, and bear the character of a learned, pious, and honest man; that he shall be at all times under the care and inspection of the said President, Fellows, and Overseers, who shall order and appoint the times and places for reading his public and private lectures, and see that the Professor duly attend the business of his office, and faithfully discharge the trust aforesaid reposed in him; and, as a regular and faithful discharge thereof will be sufficient to employ his whole time and thoughts, he shall not, while he holds the said office, be a pastor or teacher of any church or congregation, or an instructer in any other science; that the said Professor shall hold his office during his good behaviour, and that he be removable from it by the said President, Fellows, and Overseers, for want of ability to execute the trust, or for misbehaviour in the office, or for immoral and scandalous conduct and behaviour out

That the Professor, on the day of his inauguration, shall, in

the presence of the President, Fellows, and Overseers of the said College, profess and declare himself to be of the Protestant Reformed religion, and a member of a Protestant church, and shall promise to discharge, with diligence and fidelity, the sacred trust aforesaid reposed in him; that he will endeavour, as well by his example as otherwise, to encourage and promote virtue, true religion, and piety; and that he will religiously observe the aforesaid institutes of the founder of this Professorship.

That, upon the death or removal of a Professor, the vacancy shall be filled up by the President, Fellows, and Overseers (in the same manner as the former Professor was appointed), with a person in all respects qualified for the office, and prepared as aforesaid to execute it.

Witness our hands and seals, this eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1789.

EDMUND TROWBRIDGE, [L. s.] RICHARD CARY, [L. s.]

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in presence of

John Foxcroft,
James Fillebrown, by the said Trowbridge.

David Devons,
Samuel Cary, by Richard Cary, Esq.

PARKMAN PROFESSORSHIP OF PULPIT ELOQUENCE AND THE PASTORAL CARE.

Statutes of the Professorship of Pulpit Eloquence and the Pastoral Care.

1. The Professor on this foundation shall be styled the Professor of Pulpit Eloquence and the Pastoral Care; but the Corporation reserve to themselves the right, with the assent of

the Overseers, to prefix to this title the name of any benefactor who in their judgment shall deserve such honor.

[At a stated Meeting of the Corporation, July 25, 1840,

Voted, That the Professor on this foundation shall be styled the Parkman Professor of Pulpit Eloquence and the Pastoral Care.]

- 2. This Professor shall be elected in the same manner in which other officers of the College are chosen, and shall hold his office by the same tenure, generally, as the Professors on other foundations, and shall be subject to removal by the President and Fellows for any cause by them deemed just and sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.
- 3. The said Professor shall, before he enters on the duties of his office, subscribe these statutes, as well as the usual declaration prescribed in such cases to other Professors in the University; and he shall also enjoy all the privileges, and the rank which appertain of right to the other Professors.
- 4. The said Professor shall be a member of the Faculty of Theology.
- 5. It shall be the duty of this officer to instruct the Theological students in elocution, the composition and delivery of sermons, Christian institutions, ecclesiastical polity, and the pastoral care. As to the time and manner of giving such instructions, he is left to the guidance of his own discretion and experience, subject, however, to such express rules and directions as may be prescribed, from time to time, by the government of the University. It is also expected and required of this officer, that he shall have a general oversight of the character and progress of the members of the school, and endeavour, by private and familiar intercourse, to cultivate amongst them a devotional spirit, and a deep sense of the responsibleness of the sacred office, and fit them for the practical parts of their profession; that, when they leave the institution, they may be prepared to become faithful, useful, self-denying ministers of Jesus Christ. And it shall also be his duty to perform

such other services not inconsistent with those mentioned in these statutes as may be required of him by the government of the University.

6. The Corporation, with the assent of the Overseers, shall have power to make any alteration in these statutes not inconsistent with the leading objects of the Professorship.

DANE PROFESSORSHIP OF LAW.

BEVERLY, June 2, 1829.

To the President and Fellows of the Corporation of Harvard University.

Gentlemen: — As I have a long time wished to aid and promote the law branch in the said University, and now by the profits of my law work can conveniently do it, I proceed to lay the foundation of a professorship of law therein, and to provide for the appointment of a Professor, and to aid in his support, in the manner following, and submit the same to your consideration.

In the first place, it shall be his duty to prepare and deliver, and to revise for publication, a course of lectures on the five following branches of law and equity, equally in force in all parts of our federal republic, namely, the law of nature, the law of nations, commercial and maritime law, federal law, and federal equity, in such wide extent as the same branches now are, and, from time to time, shall be administered in the courts of the United States; but in such compressed form as the Professor shall deem proper; and so to prepare, deliver, and revise lectures thereon as often as the said Corporation shall think proper. But as the Corporation may, after one course of lectures shall have been prepared, delivered, and revised, on these branches, think it best to include in his lectures other

branches of law and equity that shall, from time to time, be in force in Massachusetts, I authorize the said Corporation so to do; ever confiding in the discretion thereof to select the State branches the most important and the most national; that is, as much as may be, branches the same in other States in the Union as in this; — making lectures on this State law useful in more States than one, — law clearly distinguished from that State law which is in force and of use in a single State only.

- 2. I now appropriate ten thousand dollars to be placed by me in the possession of the said Corporation, on or before the first day of September next, as a fund forever, towards the support of the said Professor; all the income whereof, and of such other moneys and funds as I may hereafter add, shall be paid over annually, or semi-annually, as the Corporation may direct, to the Professor for the time being, each year beginning on the first day of September.
- 3. In conformity to the Constitution of the United States, of Massachusetts, and of most of the other States, I declare that no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification of this Professorship; but each person who shall be appointed Professor shall, before entering on the duties of this office, make and subscribe a declaration in the words following:—
- "I do solemnly declare that I will, to the best of my ability, perform the duties required of me by the statutes under which I am now appointed Professor of Law in Harvard University"; and that no oath or other declaration shall ever be required.
- 4. It is my object that a Professor shall always be appointed who shall be a counsellor at law of at least seven years' standing at the bar; and, to insure a suitable appointment, from time to time, of a Professor learned in the branches of law and equity aforesaid, and especially in the five aforesaid branches, I do declare that his residence at Cambridge shall never be required as a condition of holding his office, believing that the best Professors will generally be found among judges and lawyers eminent in practice in other places conveniently situated, and

who, while Professors, may continue their offices or practice generally; also thinking law lectures ought to increase no faster than there is a demand for them. Clearly their greatest benefit will be in publishing them.

- 5. As the honorable Joseph Story is, by study and practice, eminently qualified to teach the said branches both in law and equity, it is my request that he may be appointed the first Professor on this foundation, if he will accept the same; and, in case he shall accept the same, it is to be understood that the course of his lectures will be made to conform to his duties as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States; and, further, that time shall be allowed him to complete, in manner aforesaid, a course of lectures on the said five branches, probably making four or more octavo volumes; and that all the lectures and teaching of him and of every Professor so to be appointed shall be calculated to assist and serve in a special manner law students and lawyers in practice; sound and useful law being the object.
- 6. The number of lectures, and the manner of delivering them, I leave to the discretion of the Corporation, as I do all other matters and things not contravening the rules or statutes herein contained, placing full confidence in its wisdom and judgment.

But as the present state of the law branch in the said University, and the times of meeting of the Overseers thereof, allow less time to prepare statutes and system than is desirable, I reserve, so far as may be consistently done, liberty to put, before the first of September next, the proper rules and statutes in the case into a more technical and intelligible form, strictly preserving the substance and principles herein contained.

The name of the Professorship I leave to the Corporation.

With sincere respect, your obedient servant.

Signed,

NATHAN DANE.

At a Meeting of the Corporation, June 3, 1829, it was Voted, That the Professor on this foundation shall be styled the Dane Professor of Law in Harvard University. Voted, That this Professor shall be elected in the same manner in which other officers of the College are chosen, and shall hold his office by the same tenure as the Professors on other foundations, and shall be subject to removal by the President and Fellows for any cause by them deemed just and sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.

MEDICAL STATUTES.

SEPTEMBER 22, 1831.

Statutes of the University of Cambridge relative to the Degree of Doctor of Medicine.

I. The Faculty of Medicine of this University shall consist of the President, and of the Professors and Lecturers authorized to give instruction to the medical students. This Faculty shall always have a Dean elected by themselves, for such periods as they may think proper, and may also adopt rules for their own government, provided that the same do not, in any respect, contravene the laws of the University.

II. Students of medicine designing to attend the Medical Lectures, or any of them, shall be matriculated in this University by entering their names with the Dean of the Faculty of Medicine, to be enrolled by him, and by signing an obligation to submit to the laws of the University, and to the direction of the Faculty of Medicine.

III. There shall be holden by the Faculty four meetings annually for the purpose of examining candidates for the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Two of these meetings shall be for private, and two for public examinations. They shall be holden in the Massachusetts Medical College, unless otherwise specially ordered. They may be continued by adjournment by vote of the members present; and if only one member attend at

the time and place designated, he may adjourn the meeting from day to day till three members of the Faculty may attend the meeting. Three members of the Faculty must be present at every examination.

IV. The first meeting for private examinations, in every year, shall be holden on the day next succeeding that on which the winter courses of Medical Lectures shall terminate, at ten o'clock, A. M. The second meeting for private examinations shall be holden on the Monday next but one preceding the day of the annual Commencement in the University, at ten o'clock, A. M. In extraordinary cases, the Faculty may hold meetings for private examinations at other periods.

V. The meetings for public examinations shall be holden within one week after the termination of the stated annual meetings for private examinations respectively, on such days as the Faculty may appoint, if not otherwise ordered by the President. These meetings shall be open to the governors and instructers of the University, to the Fellows of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and to such other respectable persons as may wish to attend them.

VI. Every candidate for the degree of Doctor of Medicine must comply with the following conditions before being admitted to a private examination, viz.:—

1st. He shall satisfy the Faculty that he has arrived at the age of twenty-one.

2d. He shall have attended two courses of the Lectures delivered at the Massachusetts Medical College by each of the Professors.

3d. He shall have employed three years in his professional studies, under the direction of a regular practitioner of medicine.

4th. If he has not received a University education, he shall satisfy the Faculty of Medicine in respect to his knowledge of the Latin language and experimental philosophy.

5th. He shall, four weeks previous to the day on which he presents himself for examination, have given notice of his intention to the Dean of the Faculty, and at the same time shall

have delivered or transmitted to the Dean a dissertation written by himself on some subject connected with medicine.

VII. Every dissertation shall be submitted by the Dean to the examination of the Faculty in the mode which they shall point out.

VIII. At the meetings for private examinations, the Faculty shall examine all those candidates who shall present themselves, after having complied with the conditions enumerated in the sixth of these statutes, upon the following branches of medical science, namely, Anatomy, Physiology, Chemistry, Materia Medica, Pharmacy, Midwifery, Surgery, and the Theory and Practice of Medicine. At these meetings every candidate shall be examined separately, and the decision of the Faculty, in respect to each, shall be made and declared to him immediately after the examination has closed. The decision in respect to each candidate shall be determined by the vote of the major part of the members of the Faculty present at the examination of the same; and this decision, if favorable to the candidate, shall be recorded by the Dean. In the decisions to be made at these meetings, regard shall be had to the dissertation as well as to the examination.

IX. Those candidates, who have been approved according to the eighth of these statutes, may present themselves at the public examination next ensuing after such approbation. Each candidate so presenting himself shall then read and defend, or be examined upon, the dissertation which he shall have previously submitted to the Faculty. At the close of each public examination, the Faculty shall decide in respect to each candidate whether he shall be recommended as worthy of the degree for which he has applied. The decision of the Faculty, in respect to all those candidates whom they do so recommend, shall be recorded by the Dean, and shall by him be certified to the President, to be laid before the Senatus Academicus.

X. Those candidates who have received from the Senatus Academicus the final approbation will be directed by the President to appear at Cambridge, at such time as he may ap-

point, and he will then admit each of them, with the accustomed solemnities, to the degree of Doctor in Medicine.

At a Special Meeting of the Corporation, January 25, 1834,

Section 2d of the sixth statute was amended by adding the following clause: —

"Except that if he have attended a course of similar lectures in any other College or University, the same may take place of one of the above courses."

FISHER PROFESSORSHIP OF NATURAL HISTORY.

DECEMBER 30, 1834.

Rules and Statutes of the Fisher Professorship of Natural History in Harvard University.

CHAPTER I.

Election of the Professor.

- 1. There shall be established in Harvard University a Professorship of Natural History; the Professor of which shall be called the Fisher Professor of Natural History.
- 2. The Professor, shall be elected in the same manner in which other officers of the University are chosen, and shall hold his office on the same tenure as the Professors on other foundations, and shall be subject to removal, by the President and Fellows, for any cause by them deemed just and sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.
- 3. The Professor, after his election, and before he enters on the duties of his office, shall make and subscribe a declaration in the words following, namely:—" I do solemnly declare that I will, to the best of my ability, perform all the duties required of me by the statutes under which I am now appointed Fisher Professor of Natural History in Harvard University."

CHAPTER II.

Duties of the Professor.

- 1. It shall be the duty of the Professor to read lectures and give instruction in Natural History, "comprehending the three kingdoms, animal, vegetable, and mineral," to the undergraduates, and to the members of the Divinity and Law Schools, as the President and Fellows of Harvard College from time to time may enjoin, and to perform such other duties as shall be assigned to him, from time to time, by them, in conformity with the will of the donor.
- 2. So long as the Massachusetts Professorship of Natural History shall be vacant, he shall execute all the duties required by the Statutes of that Professorship, free of charge, to the students, and until otherwise ordered by the Corporation.
- 3. The Fisher Professor shall always reside in the town of Cambridge, and at the Botanic Garden, unless otherwise ordered by the Corporation.

PROFESSORSHIP OF THE PRINCIPLES OF SURGERY AND CLINICAL SURGERY.

JANUARY 15, 1835.

Statutes of the Professorship of the Principles of Surgery and of Clinical Surgery.

- 1. The Professor in this department shall be styled Professor of the Principles of Surgery and of Clinical Surgery.
- 2. The Professor shall be appointed in the same manner, and shall hold his office by the same tenure, as other Professors in the University, and shall be subject to removal, by the President and Fellows, for any cause by them deemed sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.
 - 3. It shall be the duty of this Professor to give elementary

lectures on the Principles of Surgery, and Clinical Lectures on the surgical cases in the Massachusetts General Hospital.

4. The same attendance on the lectures in this department shall be required of the candidates for the degree of Doctor in Medicine, in this University, as is required on the lectures in the other departments of the Medical Faculty.

McLEAN PROFESSORSHIP OF ANCIENT AND MODERN HISTORY.

JANUARY 3, 1839.

Rules and Statutes of the McLean Professorship of Ancient and Modern History in Harvard College.

Whereas John McLean, Esq., late of the city of Boston, merchant, amongst other munificent benefactions to public uses, did, by his last will, make the following bequest to trustees to inure to the use and benefit of the College, after the decease of his wife, for the purposes therein expressed, namely: - "And this bequest of fifty thousand dollars is upon the further trust that the trustees will, after the decease of my said wife, pay over, transfer, and deliver one half in actual value of the said entire fund to the President and Fellows of Harvard College, the income and profit whereof shall be exclusively and forever appropriated to the support of a Professor of Ancient and Modern History at that College. And it shall be the duty of the Professor established on this foundation to deliver annually a course of public lectures in his department for the benefit of the students of said College, free of expense to them, to such classes, at such times, and under such regulations, as the President and Fellows of said College may, from time to time, direct and appoint. If, however, from any cause, the fund so to be paid over to said President and Fellows shall not yield an income sufficient for the support of such Professor, they are

hereby authorized to add the income thereof to the principal, for such length of time as may be necessary to increase said fund to a sum the income whereof may be sufficient for the support of such Professor. But if, after the receipt of said fund by said President and Fellows, and after the same shall have accumulated sufficiently to yield an income adequate to the support of such Professor, there shall be a vacancy in the office of such Professor for the space of two years continually, my will and direction is, and this gift to the said President and Fellows is upon the trust, that they will pay over the income of such fund which may accrue during such term of two years, and during such vacancy, to the trustees of the Massachusetts General Hospital. If, however, a Professorship of Ancient and Modern History shall have been established at Harvard University, at the time when such fund is to be paid to said President and Fellows, then they shall be at liberty to appropriate and apply the income of said fund to the support of such other Professorship as they may deem fit and useful, and may be best adapted, in their judgment, to promote the interests of literature and science, and advance the reputation of the University."

And whereas the fund is now deemed sufficient, in the judgment of the President and Fellows, to warrant the establishment of such Professorship, upon a scale adequate to the wants of the University in the department of Ancient and Modern History, —

At a meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, on the twenty-first day of July, in the year of our Lord 1838, voted, that such Professorship be forthwith established, under the rules and statutes and provisions hereinafter declared.

CHAPTER I.

Of the Election of the Professor, and his Title and Tenure of Office.

- 1. There shall be established at Harvard College a Professor on the foundation provided by John McLean, Esq., by his said will.
- 2. This Professor shall be styled the McLean Professor of Ancient and Modern History.
- 3. The Professor shall be elected by the President and Fellows, and his election shall be submitted to the Board of Overseers for their assent and confirmation.
- 4. The Professor, after his election, and before entering on the execution of the duties of his office, shall make and subscribe a declaration and promise, before the President and Fellows, that he will with diligence and fidelity, and according to the best of his ability, discharge the duties of his office, according to these statutes, and such other statutes, laws, and regulations as are or may be duly made for the government of the College; that he will labor to advance the interests of science and literature; that by his example, as well as otherwise, he will endeavour to promote piety and virtue; and that he will at all times consult the good of his pupils, and of the College, in every respect.
- 5. The McLean Professor shall hold his office by the same tenure generally as the other professors on foundations, and shall be subject to removal by the President and Fellows for any cause by them deemed just and sufficient, the Overseers consenting thereto.

CHAPTER II.

Of the Duties of the Professor.

- 1. It shall be the duty of the McLean Professor, always keeping in view the objects contemplated by the founder of this Professorship, to instruct the students of the College, and such others as may be permitted by the Corporation to attend the exercises, at such times, and in such manner, as may hereafter be more particularly specified, in ancient and modern history, by public and private lectures, by recitations and other suitable means. And it shall be the duty of the Professor, by the scope and general course of his instructions, to point out and connect the great events and epochs of history, to illustrate their causes and consequences, and their influence in advancing or retarding the progress of civilization and general improvement in the social condition of man, and to aid the minds of his pupils in forming just views of the philosophy of history. He shall be at liberty, if he think it expedient, to give out questions to be answered by his pupils in writing, or propose subjects for historical discussions or written dissertations.
- 2. It shall be his duty, from time to time, to point out and recommend suitable books for the use of the students of history, adapted to their respective stages of advancement. It shall also be his duty to pay a just attention to the progress of historical literature, both in the United States and elsewhere, and to acquaint himself with the character and merits of such historical works as have been recently published, or may be hereafter published, at home or abroad.
- 3. It shall be the duty of the McLean Professor to reside in the town of Cambridge, and to perform the duties and exercise the powers of a member of the immediate government, unless the President and Fellows shall, by their vote, from time to time, otherwise permit, order, or direct.

CHAPTER III.

Of the Residence, Rank, and Privileges of the Professor.

- 1. The McLean Professor may be exempted from the duty of residing at Cambridge by a vote of the Corporation, for such time as they may deem it expedient; and, whilst so exempted, he shall not be considered as a member of the immediate government, nor take part in the discipline and general government of the College, except to the extent and in the manner hereinafter expressed.
- 2. The said Professor shall enjoy all the privileges and rank which appertain of right to the Professors of the College. He shall have the same power of imposing fines or other penalties, whilst exempted from residence, that belongs to any single professor.
- 3. The said Professor, whilst exempted from residence, shall have and enjoy all the authority whilst delivering his lectures, and generally in the exercise of his official duties, and in his intercourse with the students, as to the preservation of order and decorum, and the regulation of the deportment of the students, which other professors are entitled to exercise; and for any indecorum during his exercises, or any insult offered to him there or elsewhere, the students shall be subject to such penalties as are provided in like cases as to the other officers of the College, which penalties it shall be the duty of the immediate government, after due consideration, to apply.

APPENDIX.

At a Meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, May 14, 1817:—

Voted, That some counsellor, learned in the law, be elected, to be denominated University Professor of Law, who shall reside in Cambridge, and open and keep a School for the instruction of graduates of this or any other University, and of such others as, according to the Rules of Admission as Attorneys, may be admitted after five years' study in the office of some counsellor.

- 2. That it shall be the duty of this officer, with the advice of the Royall Professor of Law, to prescribe a course of study, to examine and confer with the students upon the subjects of their studies, and to read lectures to them appropriate to the course of their studies and their advancement in the science; and generally to act the part of a tutor to them, in such manner as will best improve their minds and assist their requisitions.
- 3. The compensation from this instruction is to be derived from the students; and a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars shall be paid by each one who shall attach himself to the School; but this sum shall be subject to be reduced hereafter by the Corporation, if, in their judgment, the emoluments of the School shall make such reduction reasonable and consistent with the interest of the establishment.
- 4. The students shall have access to the College Library, on such terms as the College government shall prescribe; and

a complete Law Library shall be obtained for their use as soon as means for that purpose may be found.

- 5. The students shall be permitted to board in Commons on the same terms as other members of the College; and such accommodations shall be afforded them in respect to lodging-rooms as may consist with the urgent claims of the existing establishment.
- 6. As an excitement to diligence and good conduct, a degree of Bachelor of Laws shall be instituted at the University, to be conferred on such students as shall have remained at least eighteen months at the University School, and passed the residue of the novitiate in the office of some counsellor of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth, or who shall have remained three years, or, if not graduates of any college, five years, in the School, provided the Professor having charge of the same shall continue to be a practitioner in the Supreme Judicial Court.
- 7. The students shall have the privilege of attending the lectures of the Royall Professor of Law free of expense, and shall have access to the other lectures of the University usually allowed to be attended by resident graduates, without charge, or for such reasonable compensation as the Corporation, with the assent of the Overseers, shall determine.
- 8. The Law Students shall give bonds for the payment of the College dues, including the charge of the Professor for instruction, which shall be inserted in the quarter bills, and collected by the College officer; and the sums received for instruction shall, when received, be paid over by the said officer to the Professor.
- 9. The Law Students shall be on the same footing, generally, in respect to privileges, duties, and observance of all College regulations, as by the laws pertain to resident graduates.
- 10. The University Professor of Law, after his election and before his induction, shall make and subscribe before the President and Fellows of the College a declaration similar to the declarations required of the other professors.

At a special Meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in Boston, August 1, 1846, the following Report was made and adopted.

THE Committee respectfully recommend, that the votes passed at a meeting held 20th August, 1829,* as a modification of the Statutes of the Royall Professorship, numbered 3, directing that the Dane Professor be considered, for the present, and until the further order of the government, as the head of the Law Department in the University, be rescinded, and in lieu thereof it be declared and enacted, That the senior Professor, for the time being, be considered the head of this Department in the University; also, that part of the same article, which provides that the Royall Professor shall have the immediate charge and oversight of the students, be rescinded, and in lieu thereof it be declared and enacted, That the Dane Professor of Law and the Royall Professor of Law shall equally and jointly have the charge and oversight of the students; so that the clause of said article, when amended, shall stand as follows: -

3. The senior Professor of Law, for the time being, is considered as the head of this Department of the University. It shall be the duty of the Dane Professor and the Royall Professor to devise and propose, from time to time, to the Corporation such a course of instruction in the Law School as may best promote the design of that institution and the interest and honor of the University, and to do all in their power to promote those objects. They shall equally and jointly have the charge and oversight of the students, meeting them frequently, at stated periods, to ascertain their progress, to assist in and stimulate their studies, and to explain and remove such doubts and embarrassments as may occur in the course of their reading.

^{*} Page 35.

At a special Meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in Boston, July 25, 1846:—

Voted, That the following words be added to the first condition for a Medical Degree: *— "And that he is of good moral character." So that the whole shall read:— "He shall satisfy the Faculty that he has arrived at the age of twenty-one, and that he is of good moral character."

^{*} Page 52.



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